



Test Prep & Admissions

Training & Guiding Student since 1999

IELTS
PREPARATION TIPS TO
STUDY ABROAD



Guaranteed Admission with Visa Process

Study in
USA

Study in
Canada

Study in
UK

Study in
Ireland

Study in
Germany

Study in
Australia

Study in
New Zealand

Study in
Italy

Helpline: 97910 55567



ScoreGetter Test Prep & Admissions

141, Velachery Main Road, Velachery
(Opp. Phoenix Market City), Chennai 600042
Ph: 044 43526622 Helpline: 9791055567
Website: www.scoregetter.org



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



110 Essential words to build your IELTS vocabulary for better Writing and Speaking

1. **Plentiful (adj.)**

- Meaning: Existing in abundance; more than enough.
- Sentence: The garden was plentiful with fresh vegetables.

2. **Mirthful (adj.)**

- Meaning: Full of joy and laughter.
- Sentence: The mirthful atmosphere during the celebration was contagious.

3. **Sincere (adj.)**

- Meaning: Genuine; not pretending or lying.
- Sentence: Her sincere apology was appreciated by everyone.

4. **Quizzical (adj.)**

- Meaning: Expressing or characterized by puzzlement or curiosity.
- Sentence: The cat gave a quizzical look at the moving object.

5. **Lively (adj.)**

- Meaning: Full of life and energy.
- Sentence: The lively music got everyone on the dance floor.

6. **Fragrant (adj.)**

- Meaning: Having a pleasant and sweet smell.
- Sentence: The garden was filled with the fragrant scent of blooming flowers.

7. **Gentle (adj.)**

- Meaning: Mild, kind, or tender.
- Sentence: The gentle breeze made the day more enjoyable.

8. **Spacious (adj.)**

- Meaning: Having a lot of space; roomy.
- Sentence: The living room felt spacious after rearranging the furniture.

9. **Serene (adj.)**

- Meaning: Calm, peaceful, and untroubled.



- Sentence: The view of the lake was serene, creating a tranquil atmosphere.

10. Animated (adj.)

- Meaning: Full of life, action, or excitement.
- Sentence: The animated discussion brought enthusiasm to the group.

11. Cheery (adj.)

- Meaning: Bright and happy in disposition.
- Sentence: The cheery sunflowers added warmth to the room.

12. Sociable (adj.)

- Meaning: Willing to talk and engage with others.
- Sentence: Dogs are known for being sociable animals.

13. Pleasant (adj.)

- Meaning: Giving a sense of happy satisfaction or enjoyment.
- Sentence: The walk in the park was pleasant in the cool evening.

14. Clever (adj.)

- Meaning: Quick to understand and learn.
- Sentence: The clever solution to the problem impressed everyone.

15. Graceful (adj.)

- Meaning: Having or showing elegance and beauty in movement or form.
- Sentence: The dancer performed with graceful movements.

16. Neat (adj.)

- Meaning: Tidy, orderly, and well-organized.
- Sentence: The student's handwriting was neat and legible.

17. Warmhearted (adj.)

- Meaning: Kind, compassionate, and affectionate.
- Sentence: She was known for her warmhearted nature, always helping others.

18. Mild (adj.)

- Meaning: Gentle and not harsh or severe.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Sentence: The tea had a mild flavor, perfect for a relaxing evening.

19. Pleasurable (adj.)

- Meaning: Giving a sense of enjoyment or satisfaction.
- Sentence: The vacation was pleasurable, filled with fun activities.

20. Eager (adj.)

- Meaning: Wanting to do or have something very much.
- Sentence: The students were eager to learn about the upcoming project.

21. Ubiquitous (adj.)

- Meaning: Present, appearing, or found everywhere.
- Sentence: Smartphones have become ubiquitous in modern society.

22. Conundrum (n.)

- Meaning: A confusing and difficult problem or question.
- Sentence: Solving the environmental conundrum requires global cooperation.

23. Ephemeral (adj.)

- Meaning: Lasting for a very short time.
- Sentence: The beauty of cherry blossoms is ephemeral, lasting only a few days.

24. Quintessential (adj.)

- Meaning: Representing the most perfect or typical example.
- Sentence: Paris is often considered the quintessential romantic city.

25. Pernicious (adj.)

- Meaning: Having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way.
- Sentence: The pernicious effects of climate change are evident worldwide.



26. Alacrity (n.)

- Meaning: Brisk and cheerful readiness.
- Sentence: The team responded with alacrity to the unexpected challenge.

27. Nefarious (adj.)

- Meaning: Wicked, villainous, or criminal.
- Sentence: The nefarious activities of the secret society were finally exposed.

28. Quixotic (adj.)

- Meaning: Extremely idealistic; unrealistic and impractical.
- Sentence: His quixotic dreams of world peace were met with skepticism.

29. Mellifluous (adj.)

- Meaning: (of a voice or words) Sweet or musical; pleasant to hear.
- Sentence: The singer's mellifluous voice captivated the audience.

30. Sycophant (n.)

- Meaning: A person who acts obsequiously toward someone important in order to gain advantage.
- Sentence: The politician surrounded himself with sycophants who praised his every decision.

31. Esoteric (adj.)

- Meaning: Intended for or likely to be understood by only a small number of people with special knowledge.
- Sentence: The professor's lecture on quantum physics was esoteric and challenging for most students.

32. Voracious (adj.)

- Meaning: Wanting or devouring great quantities of food; having a very eager approach to an activity.
- Sentence: She had a voracious appetite for reading, finishing multiple books each week.



33. Serendipity (n.)

- Meaning: The occurrence and development of events by chance in a happy or beneficial way.
- Sentence: Their meeting was a serendipity that changed both of their lives.

34. Ubiquity (n.)

- Meaning: The state of being widespread or constantly encountered.
- Sentence: The ubiquity of social media has transformed the way people communicate.

35. Capitulate (v.)

- Meaning: Cease to resist an opponent or an unwelcome demand; surrender.
- Sentence: The army was forced to capitulate after weeks of intense fighting.

36. Lethargic (adj.)

- Meaning: Affected by lethargy; sluggish and apathetic.
- Sentence: The hot weather made everyone feel lethargic and unproductive.

37. Zealous (adj.)

- Meaning: Having or showing great energy or enthusiasm in pursuit of a cause or an objective.
- Sentence: The volunteers were zealous in their efforts to raise awareness for the charity.

38. Cacophony (n.)

- Meaning: A harsh, discordant mixture of sounds.
- Sentence: The cacophony of traffic in the city center was overwhelming.

39. Munificent (adj.)

- Meaning: More generous than is usual or necessary.
- Sentence: The philanthropist's munificent donation greatly benefited the local community.

40. Ephemeral (adj.)

- Meaning: Lasting for a very short time.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Sentence: The beauty of cherry blossoms is ephemeral, lasting only a few days.

41. Juxtapose (v.)

- Meaning: To place or deal with close together for contrasting effect.
- Sentence: The artist chose to juxtapose elements of nature with urban structures in the painting.

42. Quagmire (n.)

- Meaning: A soft, boggy area of land that gives way underfoot; a complex or difficult situation.
- Sentence: The country found itself in an economic quagmire that proved challenging to navigate.

43. Vex (v.)

- Meaning: To make (someone) feel annoyed, frustrated, or worried.
- Sentence: The unresolved issue continued to vex the team, affecting their productivity.

44. Aplomb (n.)

- Meaning: Self-confidence or assurance, especially when in a demanding situation.
- Sentence: The speaker delivered the presentation with great aplomb, impressing the audience.

45. Disparate (adj.)

- Meaning: Essentially different in kind; not allowing comparison.
- Sentence: The committee had to reconcile disparate views before reaching a consensus.

46. Harangue (n.)

- Meaning: A lengthy and aggressive speech.
- Sentence: The politician's harangue against the opposition stirred controversy.

47. Obfuscate (v.)

- Meaning: To deliberately make something unclear or difficult to understand.



- Sentence: The complex legal language was intended to obfuscate the true meaning of the contract.

48. Sycophant (n.)

- Meaning: A person who acts obsequiously toward someone important in order to gain advantage.
- Sentence: The politician surrounded himself with sycophants who praised his every decision.

49. Mellifluous (adj.)

- Meaning: (of a voice or words) Sweet or musical; pleasant to hear.
- Sentence: The singer's mellifluous voice captivated the audience.

50. Ephemeral (adj.)

- Meaning: Lasting for a very short time.
- Sentence: The beauty of cherry blossoms is ephemeral, lasting only a few days.

51. Ample (adj.)

- Meaning: Enough or more than enough; plentiful.
- Sentence: The buffet provided ample choices for everyone.

52. Diligent (adj.)

- Meaning: Having or showing care and conscientiousness in one's work.
- Sentence: The diligent student completed all assignments on time.

53. Luminous (adj.)

- Meaning: Emitting or reflecting light; shining.
- Sentence: The night sky was luminous with stars.

54. Relevant (adj.)

- Meaning: Closely connected or appropriate to the matter at hand.
- Sentence: Make sure to include only relevant information in your essay.

55. Mundane (adj.)

- Meaning: Lacking interest or excitement; dull.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Sentence: The routine tasks at work became mundane over time.

56. Quaint (adj.)

- Meaning: Attractively unusual or old-fashioned.
- Sentence: The village had a quaint charm with its cobblestone streets.

57. Tactful (adj.)

- Meaning: Having or showing a keen sense of what to say or do to avoid giving offense.
- Sentence: She gave a tactful response to the sensitive question.

58. Jubilant (adj.)

- Meaning: Feeling or expressing great joy and triumph.
- Sentence: The team was jubilant after winning the championship.

59. Vibrant (adj.)

- Meaning: Full of energy and enthusiasm.
- Sentence: The city's vibrant atmosphere was contagious.

60. Clumsy (adj.)

- Meaning: Lacking skill or dexterity; awkward.
- Sentence: His clumsy attempts at juggling drew laughter from the audience.

61. Keen (adj.)

- Meaning: Having or showing eagerness or enthusiasm.
- Sentence: She had a keen interest in learning new languages.

62. Sturdy (adj.)

- Meaning: Strong and robust.
- Sentence: The sturdy table could withstand heavy weight.

63. Wholesome (adj.)

- Meaning: Conducive to or suggestive of good health and physical well-being.
- Sentence: A wholesome diet includes a variety of fruits and vegetables.

64. Voracious (adj.)



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Meaning: Wanting or devouring great quantities of food; having a very eager approach to an activity.
- Sentence: She had a voracious appetite for reading, finishing multiple books each week.

65. Inquisitive (adj.)

- Meaning: Curious or inquiring.
- Sentence: The child's inquisitive nature led to many questions.

66. Blatant (adj.)

- Meaning: Done openly and unashamedly; obvious.
- Sentence: The lie was so blatant that no one believed it.

67. Zesty (adj.)

- Meaning: Having a strong, pleasant, and somewhat spicy flavor.
- Sentence: The zesty sauce added a kick to the dish.

68. Jovial (adj.)

- Meaning: Cheerful and friendly.
- Sentence: The jovial host made everyone feel welcome.

69. Rustic (adj.)

- Meaning: Characteristic of rural life; simple or plain.
- Sentence: The cabin had a rustic charm with wooden furniture.

70. Gregarious (adj.)

- Meaning: Fond of company; sociable.
- Sentence: His gregarious personality made him popular at gatherings.

71. Diligent (adj.)

- Meaning: Showing persistent and hardworking effort in one's work.
- Sentence: The diligent student always completes assignments ahead of time.

72. Versatile (adj.)

- Meaning: Able to adapt or be adapted to many different functions or activities.
- Sentence: The versatile actor excelled in both drama and comedy roles.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



73. **Eloquent (adj.)**

- Meaning: Fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing.
- Sentence: Her eloquent speech moved the audience to tears.

74. **Vibrant (adj.)**

- Meaning: Full of energy and enthusiasm.
- Sentence: The city's vibrant culture was reflected in its lively street festivals.

75. **Resilient (adj.)**

- Meaning: Able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions.
- Sentence: The resilient plant survived despite the harsh weather conditions.

76. **Zealous (adj.)**

- Meaning: Showing great energy or enthusiasm in pursuit of a cause or objective.
- Sentence: The team was zealous about implementing the new project.

77. **Adaptable (adj.)**

- Meaning: Able to adjust to new conditions or changes.
- Sentence: Her adaptable nature made her an asset in various work environments.

78. **Vivid (adj.)**

- Meaning: Producing powerful feelings or strong, clear images in the mind.
- Sentence: The painter used vivid colors to bring the scene to life.

79. **Meticulous (adj.)**

- Meaning: Showing great attention to detail; very careful and precise.
- Sentence: The chef was meticulous in preparing each dish.

80. **Tenacious (adj.)**

- Meaning: Holding fast, persistent, and determined.
- Sentence: Despite setbacks, his tenacious spirit kept him pursuing his goals.

81. **Witty (adj.)**

- Meaning: Clever and humorous in expressing ideas.
- Sentence: The witty remarks of the comedian had the audience laughing.

82. **Innovative (adj.)**

- Meaning: Introducing new ideas or methods; creative.
- Sentence: The company was praised for its innovative approach to problem-solving.

83. **Candid (adj.)**

- Meaning: Honest and straightforward.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Sentence: The candid interview revealed the true intentions behind the project.
84. **Robust (adj.)**
- Meaning: Strong and healthy; vigorous.
 - Sentence: Regular exercise contributes to a robust immune system.
85. **Punctual (adj.)**
- Meaning: Arriving or happening at the expected time.
 - Sentence: Being punctual is essential for a smooth-running schedule.
86. **Cohesive (adj.)**
- Meaning: United and forming a whole.
 - Sentence: The team worked cohesively to achieve the project's objectives.
87. **Serendipitous (adj.)**
- Meaning: Occurring by chance in a happy or beneficial way.
 - Sentence: The serendipitous encounter led to a valuable collaboration.
88. **Adept (adj.)**
- Meaning: Very skilled or proficient in a particular area.
 - Sentence: She is adept at handling complex data analysis.
89. **Sociable (adj.)**
- Meaning: Enjoying the company of others; friendly and outgoing.
 - Sentence: His sociable nature made him popular among colleagues.
90. **Dynamic (adj.)**
- Meaning: Characterized by constant change, activity, or progress.
 - Sentence: The dynamic nature of the industry requires adaptability.
91. **Consequently (adverb)**
- Meaning: As a result or effect of something.
 - Example: The rain continued; consequently, the outdoor event was canceled.
92. **Nonetheless (adverb)**
- Meaning: In spite of that; nevertheless.
 - Example: The weather was cold; nonetheless, they decided to go for a picnic.
93. **Moreover (adverb)**
- Meaning: Besides; in addition to what has been said.
 - Example: The essay was well-researched, and moreover, it was eloquently written.
94. **Hence (adverb)**
- Meaning: As a consequence; for this reason.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



- Example: She forgot her umbrella, hence she got wet in the rain.

95. **Furthermore (adverb)**

- Meaning: In addition; besides.
- Example: The book was not only entertaining but also informative; furthermore, it was well-reviewed.

96. **Nonetheless (adverb)**

- Meaning: In spite of that; nevertheless.
- Example: The results were disappointing; nonetheless, they decided to keep trying.

97. **Alternatively (adverb)**

- Meaning: In another way; as an alternative.
- Example: You can either take the train or, alternatively, use the bus.

98. **Consequently (adverb)**

- Meaning: As a result or effect of something.
- Example: The experiment failed; consequently, they had to rethink their approach.

99. **Conversely (adverb)**

- Meaning: Introducing a statement or idea that reverses one that has just been made.
- Example: Some people enjoy the cold weather; conversely, others prefer warmer climates.

100. **Similarly (adverb)**

- Meaning: In a similar way.
- Example: The two stories were different, yet they ended similarly.

101. **Therefore (adverb)**

- Meaning: For that reason; consequently.
- Example: The evidence was overwhelming; therefore, the conclusion was clear.

102. **Nonetheless (adverb)**

- Meaning: In spite of that; nevertheless.
- Example: The challenges were great; nonetheless, they were determined to succeed.

103. **Essentially (adverb)**

- Meaning: In essence; fundamentally.
- Example: The book was essentially about the power of friendship.



Essential IELTS Vocabulary for
writing better essays and IELTS
Speaking.



104. **Invariably (adverb)**
- Meaning: In every case or on every occasion; always.
 - Example: The result was invariably the same.
105. **Moreover (adverb)**
- Meaning: Besides; in addition to what has been said.
 - Example: The lecture was informative, and moreover, it was engaging.
106. **Significantly (adverb)**
- Meaning: In a way that is important or noticeable.
 - Example: The discovery was significantly important for scientific progress.
107. **Alternatively (adverb)**
- Meaning: In another way; as an alternative.
 - Example: You can choose to study online or, alternatively, attend classes on campus.
108. **Subsequently (adverb)**
- Meaning: Following in time; afterward.
 - Example: The storm passed, and subsequently, the weather cleared up.
109. **Similarly (adverb)**
- Meaning: In a similar way.
 - Example: The two theories were distinct, yet they were similarly fascinating.
110. **Therefore (adverb)**
- Meaning: For that reason; consequently.
 - Example: The argument was convincing; therefore, they accepted the proposal.